An edge-based smoothed point interpolation method for underwater

acoustic propagation

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Abstract

The novel edge-based point interpolation method (ES-PIM) is employed to approximate numerical approximations of acoustic problems addressed by the well-known Helmholtz equation in this paper. It is well-known that the numerical results from several classical numerical approaches, such as the finite element approach and several meshfree techniques, are not always sufficient to provide satisfying numerical solutions because of the pollution effect for relatively high wave numbers. The pollution effect may generally come from the "overly-stiff" property of the numerical model constructed using several numerical approaches. Owing to the appropriate softening feature resulting from the edge-based gradient smoothing technique (EGST), the ES-PIM can effectively depress the pollution error effect of the numerical solutions. Numerical results validate that the ES-PIM could provide much more accurate solutions compared with the FEM with the same node distribution.

Keywords: Meshfree method; ES-PIM; Pollution effect; Helmholtz equation